

## THE CASE CLOSED

AND THE LAWYERS READY TO PA-  
RADE THEIR ELOQUENCE.

**Judge Cox Decides Against the Motion to Reopen the Case for New Testimony—The Prisoner's Continued Interruptions—The Prosecution State Their Law Points, Etc., Etc.**

WASHINGTON, January 4.—At the Guiteau trial this morning, before the proceeding commenced, Guiteau said: "This is a good time to make a speech, but I promised the man who shot me that I would keep quiet to-day, and I will try to do so."

Mr. Scoville read an affidavit setting forth that the affiant is the sole counsel for the prisoner; that the prisoner has been in such a state of mind that he has been unable to render any assistance, or to suggest the names of any witnesses, and that the affiant has, since the closing of the case, learned the names of certain witnesses who can testify to material facts for the defense. After giving the names of the witnesses, and briefly stating what he expected to prove by each, Mr. Scoville moved that he be allowed to introduce this evidence.

Colonel Kirkhill said: "I hardly think any thing need be said."

Colonel Reed addressed the court in favor of the motion. He was aware that the matter was entirely within the jurisdiction of the court. It was not, however, without precedent, and that, too, in a United States court. He then cited cases in support of his argument, and said that in this country it was the boast of our free institutions that the poor man should have the same rights in a court of justice as the denizen of a palatial mansion and he felt sure that the American people would not begrudge the extra day that was now asked in behalf of this prisoner in the name of justice and fair trial.

Mr. Davidge replied at some length, and denied that any precedent existed for reopening this case simply to introduce cumulative evidence, particularly in the case of Doctor McFarland. He believed it would be scandalous to admit the testimony of a man so reckless as to form an opinion and be willing to swear to it, merely from reading the newspapers.

After considerable discussion by the counsel, the session was interrupted by Guiteau. Judge Coffey said that the counsel for the defense must come here a stranger to the courts of this district, and even the prisoner himself, and found himself environed by difficulties from the outset. The most serious difficulties were that the odium attaching to the assassination had made the witnesses unwilling even to allow their names to be known to the public.

defense. Appreciating all these difficulties, which embarrassed the defense, he (Judge Cox) had felt disposed to offset them with an equal latitude, and more than ordinary facilities in the preparation of the case. Evidence of insanity could not be offered if surrebuttal. In his opinion the proof of insanity should be limited to the evidence in chief of the defense, and the rebutting evidence of the prosecution. He, therefore, must exclude the evidence of Dr. McFarland.

The testimony, however, of those witnesses by which the defense expected to prove what the prisoner asserted on the day of assassination, and on the day after, the motive for his act, the court held should be admitted as evidence in rebuttal.

Mr. Brooks, chief of the treasury secret service, was called. The witness visited the prisoner at the jail the night after the shooting. Guitau was in bed at the time. He arose in great anger and excitement, said the witness, and wanted to know what meant by dis-

turbating his rest and quiet at that hour of the night. I said it ill became him, a murderer to speak in that manner. He had disturbed the rest and quiet of the whole nation. He came back at me that he was no murderer, but a christian and a gentleman. His mind was made up that he had been moved to do the act, s a political necessity, and it was for the good of the country. The witness continued: 'I told him I was a republican and a statesman, and he replied: Then you can appreciate

The witness detailed at some length his conversation at the time. He (witness) said to the prisoner: "If you had taken the De'ty into consideration you could not have done such an act." The prisoner replied that he had thought over the matter, and prayed over it for six weeks, and the more he thought and the more he prayed the more he became convinced that the president must go and that it was his duty to re-

move him. Notwithstanding his promise in the morning, Guiteau continued to interrupt and became involved in an altercation with one of the bailiffs who tried to silence him. "I'll slap you in the mouth," he frequently snarled at him, but made no demonstration of carrying his threat into execution. At another time he said to him, "You are nothing but a miserable underling, while I speak to 50,000,000 people when I talk."

When Judge Cox had finished his remarks upon Scoville's motion, Guiteau insisted on expressing his opinion. "That is a first-class decision, Judge; that's all I want to get before the jury—what I said at the time relative to the causes that impelled me upon the president. As for the rest, I don't care a snap. I would not give 50 cents a bushel for this expert testimony. If I had money enough I could get fifty of the best experts in the country to swear that I am as crazy as you. That's just how much that kind of ex-

Guiteau called out sneeringly: "Was the object of reading that letter to show my father was a crank, or that I am? You are the biggest jackass, Scoville, I ever saw. If you can't learn any sense, I shall have to rebuke you in public."

The prosecution then submitted the statement of the law points, on which they would rely, as follows:

1. The legal test of responsibility, where insanity is set up as a defense for alleged crime, is the accused at the time of committing the crime. He knew the difference between right and wrong in respect of such act. That is if he knew what he was doing, and what he was doing was contrary to the law of the land, he's responsible."

Guiteau—"Didn't, because my free agency was destroyed."

2. If the accused knew what he was doing, and that what he is doing was contrary to the law of the land. It constitutes no defense even if it was true when he committed the act that he really believed he was thereby producing a public benefit or carrying out an inspiration of divine origin or approval. Such belief would not afford any excuse, nor would such excuse be afforded by the facts that it is the commission of the act he was impelled by a depraved moral sense, whether innate or acquired, or by evil passion or indifference to moral obligations.

Guiteau—"All of which is false."

3. insanity would, however, constitute a defense if by reason of disease, the accused at the time committing the act charged did not know what

4. The only evidence in the present case tending to show an irresistible impulse to commit homicide is the claim of the accused that his free agency was destroyed by the irresistible force of the divine will of the president was required for the good of the American people, and was divinely inspired; that such conviction, even if it really existed, could not afford any excuse when the party knew he was doing wrong, and that it was contrary to law. No mere delusion or error of judgment, not even a fixed belief that what is prohibited by law is commanded by God's law, is a bar to the authority of the civil law. *—Guitaué*—"I had no choice in the matter."

can exempt the accused from responsibility for breaking the law. To have, such effect the commission of the act charged must have been the result of an insane mind which was the product of disease, and of such force as to deprive the accused of the degree of reason necessary to distinguish between right and wrong in respect of acts. At the time of committing the act he either did not know what he was doing, or if he did, that act was wrong or contrary to the laws of the land.

At Mr. Seville's suggestion the court was then adjourned till Saturday morning to give time for the defense to prepare points of law

**FOREIGN FLASHES.**

**John Bright Debates the Irish Question With Fierceness.**

LONDON, January 4.—John Bright and Joseph Chamberlain, president of the board of trade, spoke at Birmingham yesterday. The former traced the course of the Irish disaffection to the long course of tortoise misrule, and justified the coercive measures on the ground of their absolute necessity. He pointed out that much of the Irish discontent now arose from the failure of the government to carry out its promises.

He said: "I do not pretend to be a democrat. What I favor is such a degree of freedom as will give society to freedom, but not such a degree as would destroy it. Some who blame the government are ignorant of the principles on which alone democracy can be made tolerable. The principles they profess in regard to coercion might save them, if at sea, but they are not fit for being superintended by the mutinies in a free land. Americans have organized conspiracy committees with the miserable idea that they could in-

fluence policy and safety of Great Britain by such means. Doubtless many of this class who were at the Chicago convention were, though mistaken, honest and patriotic, but they took their ideas of Ireland from tales of bygone time.

Mr. Chamberlain said the Government would not countenance rebellion, and would find means to enable the land courts to deal with the cases coming before them. He had no sympathy with the absentee agitators, who, from a safe distance, caused the Irish to commit crime while they administer fines sent from America, in safe retreat in Paris or London. Mr. Chamberlain ridiculed

DUBLIN, January 4.—Whelan and Ryan, who were last week committed for trial on the charge of treason and felony, were released to-day on the application of the crown, but were subsequently arrested under the coercion act.

Mr. Morton, United States minister, will give a banquet in honor of Gambetta and other French ministers Thursday.

The Geneva correspondent of the Daily News says that in anticipation of the completion of the St. Gothard railway, which will open, by way of Genoa, the central European markets to American breadstuffs, the Austrian railway companies announce their intention to make an important reduction in rates for foreign bound cereals.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, January 4.—Prince Bismarck hopes

to secure the support of the whole church, apart from carrying all government measures, including the to be based on the law bill.

A dispatch from Berlin published in Paris in semi-official form confirms the statement that the archbishops of Posen and Cologne will resign their sees—Prussia on her side is reinstating several of the deposed bishops. Dr. Busch, while in Rome recently, conducting the negotiations begun by Herr Von Sclözer with the Vatican, promised a concordat for the implementation of the May laws, but without touching the widest questions mentioned in newspaper rumors.

MUNICH

ST. PETERSBURG, January 4.—A report that the state police department had arrested from the ministry of the interior is officially denied. The report says the question is enacted in government circles for the purpose of imposing an export duty on grain of half a copeck per pood, in order to increase the revenues of the commissariat department.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, January 4.—Cherif Pasha has appointed Atab Bey under secretary of the war, thus restoring harmony to the relations of the khedive, chamberlain

**An Unpleasant Honeymoon.**  
CLINTON, Ill., January 4.—Late last evening it was learned that a man, who is known in this city by the name of Hurd, and well known in central Illinois as Professor Ned Hathaway, the balloonist was arrested by Officer William Brittin, on a warrant charging him with the abduction of Miss Kate Porter, a girl about the age of 15 years, of this city, and getting married to her. He was put in jail failing to give bail for his appearance. It is alleged that the pair eloped, or rather, that Hurd eloped with her and induced her to marry him without

case for Hurd. It has caused a good deal of excitement in this vicinity. He will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law by the indignant parents of the girl.

**A Troupe of Penniless Thespians.**

LYNN, Mass., January 4.—The traveling theatrical company which were stranded here after playing the Irish drama, "Eviction," Thursday night and were compelled to go without breakfast this next morning, the proprietor of the Sagamore house, where they passed the night, refusing to take any money for their services, have been informed that they are to be paid for their services.

**An Immense Failure.**  
PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 4.—J. Winslow Jones & Co., packing firm, incorporated under English law, doing business in Portland and owning five

corn factories and five lobster factories and fourteen lobster and salmon factories in Providence, have to-day failed for \$182,000. An attempt was put on last night at the instance of the York parties. The assets three years ago, when the corporation was organized, were \$299,000. Immediate cause of failure is a too rapid expansion of business.

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**A Good Year for Mills.**

FALL RIVER, Mass., January 4.—The year of 1888 has been one of unusual activity here in mill building. The following mills have been erected and the fol-

**Palmer Pleads Guilty.**  
NEWARK, JANUARY 4.—City Auditor Fred A. Palmer was indicted by the grand jury to-day for forgery and grand larceny, placed at the bar, when he pleaded guilty to eight indictments for forgery of indorsements on warrants drawn on the city treasurer. He was remanded to jail.

**Around the World.**  
LONDON, JANUARY 4.—A telegram from Montevideo states that the bark Frank Marion, from Brunswick, Ga., struck a rock while in charge of the pilot, which caused her to leak. She was discharging for repairs.

**INSULAR INCIDENTS.**  
The extra session of the Louisiana legislature adjourned this afternoon sine die.

The Louisiana annual conference of the M. E. church south began its thirty-sixth annual session in New Orleans yesterday, Bishop M. M. McMane presiding. The conference will meet daily through this and a portion of next week.

The Western Iron association met in regular quarterly session in Pittsburgh yesterday. The attendance was large, and after a full and free interchange of views in regard to the trade, which was found in a healthy condition, it was unanimously

decided to reaffirm the present card rate of 20¢.



**SHAN D MAKE MO**  
AYING AND THIN IN YOU  
The New Municipal Deal in Rome—Pink Eye  
Ribbon—Killed by a Falling Tree—Failure  
in Thomaston—A Shocking Murder in  
Charlotte—The Florida Roads, Etc.

**Rome, January 2.**—[Special.]—The new mayor and council were installed in office this afternoon, and elected the following officers for 1882: Clerk, M. A. Nevin; Marshal, E. J. Magruder; deputy marshal, John Stroud; city attorney, Max Meyerhardt; treasurer, W. T. Mapp. The new city fathers are all able and capable gentlemen, and will look well to the prosperity of Rome. The youngest member of the body, and in fact the youngest man who has ever been elected councilman, is Mr. R. A. Denny, the only one on the opposition ticket who was elected. Mr. Denny came to this city several years ago from York, Pa., read law, was admitted to the bar and is now one of our brightest and most promising young lawyers. His election was a well-deserved compliment and he will make a splendid alderman. Dr. J. M. Gregory has been elected city physician for the ensuing year. Work on the new city hall will soon be commenced. The building will cost \$14,000, and will be quite a handsome structure. Hon. S. Warren Mays, of Augusta, is in the city, visiting Hon. Seaborn Wright. New Year's calling and receiving were quite generally indulged in last night. The reports of the outgoing city council show that the financial affairs of the city were never in better condition. After meeting all current expenses, and paying the interest on the bonded indebtedness, a handsome surplus still remains in the treasury.

**Jonesboro, January 4.**—[Special.]—The weather here has been extremely cold since last Friday. An adjourned session of the county court was held yesterday by Judge Waterson, which closed up the criminal docket. Our county court, under the administration of Judge Waterson, is a great benefit to our county, and the business is disposed of with great satisfaction. The McNeil family, supported by that great character, Sam K. Hodgson, and several other good performers, gave us an entertainment at College hall last night. Misses Laura, Minnie and Mamie McNeil deserve special mention for their musical talent, recitations, etc., and whenever Sam K. Hodgson appeared in his various characters he drew loud applause. Altogether, the play is entertaining and laughable, and will give to any audience two or three hours of real enjoyment.

**Thomaston, January 4.**—[Special.]—Considerable excitement prevailed here yesterday over the report that the large dry goods and grocery house of Jones, on Main street, had failed, with liabilities \$27,000, and the assets it is said will exceed these figures. The Baptist church here has secured the Rev. J. W. Fackler, of Lumpkin, as its pastor for the present year. Mr. Fackler is a great favorite with the people generally of this place, and is welcomed by all. Some of the farmers have had a good yield on the late crop of cotton, and owing to the late fall and good weather have picked out without having it stained and have received a good price for it.

**Barnesville, January 4.**—[Special.]—Mr. J. E. Pound, of the Pines, Conn. News, was married to Miss Jimmie Fryer, of this place, on Christmas day. Captain R. J. Powell's barn, full of provender, was burned last Friday night. A horse was burned with the barn. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The barn that was burned was not the barn to his place in town, but to his lower place just outside the incorporation. An election for "fence or no fence" was held in this county last Saturday and resulted in about 100 majority for "no fence."—Rev. R. J. Willingham, the recently elected pastor of the Baptist church, has moved his family to Barnesville.

**Elberton, January 3.**—[Special.]—At a meeting of the town council last night Marshal Almond resigned and Joseph L. Deadwyler was elected marshal. Mr. Abba Olesby has taken charge of the Globe hotel in this place, and Mr. W. Williams will run the Bristol house. Pinky has been running around the horses here, but none have died from it yet. Judge Oliver, who was seriously wounded a few days ago, is some better, and hopes are entertained of his recovery.

**Cedar town, January 3.**—[Special.]—Isaac Hinson, colored, a member of the convict camp at this place, was killed this evening by a falling tree. He, with a large force of others, were in the woods chopping cord wood, and as the alarm, which is always given by trees falling, was made, rushed from where he was in no danger, towards the falling tree. He lived only twenty minutes after being struck.

**What the Papers Say.**  
A SLOW MURDER.  
Charlotte Observer.

On or about the 16th of December a little colored boy named James Wilson, aged about six years, died in this city at the house of his father, John Wilson, from what was said to be typhoid fever. Rumors soon were put afloat that the child came to its death by starvation and brutal treatment, and the reports seemed to have sufficient truth to warrant an investigation of the matter. Last Saturday Coroner Alexander came into town and inaugurated a party of six men, consisting of Messrs. C. C. King, J. F. Harris, W. H. Gray, Jasper Alexander, J. W. Wilson and W. M. Cross, and examined the body. Dr. Wilder, the county physician, and a medical student, the examination, after which witnesses were summoned and testimony taken. Six or seven witnesses who were examined testified to having seen the child abused on different occasions. A property was claimed. The examination was continued until yesterday, and after the testimony was taken Dr. Wilder, who was not prepared on Saturday to make a critical examination of the body, and made a thorough investigation, which revealed the fact that the base of the skull had been broken across, and that there was an accumulation of pus at the break; that the brain had sustained sufficient injury to cause death.

A negro woman living with Wilson, Emeline Springs by name, is charged with having inflicted the injuries which resulted in death, by throwing the boy against a post and striking his skull. She disappeared from the city shortly after the death of the boy, and her whereabouts is at present unknown, as is also that of the father.

Upon the evidence and the facts the jury returned a verdict charging Emeline Springs with the murder of James Wilson, and his father, John Wilson, with being an accessory to the act.

Several parties were arrested under suspicion of being implicated, but the evidence was not sufficient to warrant their detention, and they were released.

The coroner is of opinion that he will be able to bring the guilty party to justice, as it is to be hoped, and the facts and facts show that the boy has been most cruelly murdered by degrees, the horrible crime being completed when his skull was broken. The father stands on the same footing in relation to the deed as does the woman, as it is evidence that he was cognizant of the cruelty practiced on his child, and even participated in the devilish work.

**SAVED FROM SIN.**  
Nashville Banner.

In the early part of last April a family named Myster and consisting of an old man, his wife, two young daughters and three boys, came to this city from Illinois. Soon

after their arrival the father was taken sick, and after a long and painful illness died, leaving his family in the most deplorable circumstances and without the means of support. Since the death of the father and husband the remaining members of the family were compelled to lead the most economical life. They moved into an old and forsaken shanty on Rolling Mill hill, in South Nashville. During their residence here they have been sometimes without bread in the house. They have of late become so destitute and the future looked so dark, that the mother, who is aged and infirm, has given her consent for the two daughters to be offered as a sacrifice on the altar of virtue, as the last resort of procuring the necessities of life. This is indeed a pitiable case, and in such a city where all is prosperous, that two young girls at such a tender age should be driven by their poverty to sell and barter their virtue and honor as an only means of keeping the "wolf from the door." Our informant, who by the way is a northern man, says that his attention was directed to this family by a gentleman some few weeks ago, and he has furnished them with money whenever he could spare it, but as he, too, has to work for a living, it is too expensive for him to support them longer. He says he visited the family last Sunday, and was shocked to find a number of people had congregated there for the purpose of aiding in wrecking the lives of these two poor creatures, who had become so disheartened and discouraged with life, that they had no other desire than to have bread. This gentleman, whose name he could not recall, said it was more than he could stand, and as a means of saving one of the poor girls, he offered the eldest daughter his name and his home, which was accepted, and last night Mary Myster was taken to the home of her new master, and the father and mother were left alone. The father is a poor, ignorant creature, from a life of shame. The new single sister is only 15 years of age, just budding into womanhood. Perhaps if some good Christian lady would take this girl from such influences as are at the present time surrounding her, she might grow up to become an honor to her sex. "Tis true 'tis pity, and 'tis pity 'tis true," that any woman should be compelled to sell and barter her soul for bread in such a city as Nashville.

**TROUBLE IN RUSSELL COUNTY.**  
Columbus Enquirer.

The neighborhood of Crawford, Russell county, Alabama, has been in a fever of excitement since Sunday. One day last week a negro named Steve Strother made an unwarranted attack upon M. J. Jones, a son of Colonel A. G. Jones, whom he met in the road near Crawford, and beat him severely. Jones was unarmed, and therefore, unable to defend himself, but replying to Crawford, he swore out a warrant for the arrest of the negro, and on Saturday night he was captured by Sheriff Revell. On Sunday a preliminary trial was held at Crawford, and a large crowd of negroes were present, and headed by Allen Jackson, a presiding elder of the African M. E. church, they avowed their intention that Steve should not be incarcerated in jail. When the magistrate, after hearing the testimony, announced that the prisoner would be held to answer the charge, the negroes became very demonstrative, and when the bailiff attempted to leave the court room they rushed upon him with revolvers in hand, and took possession of the prisoner and triumphantly bore him away.

On Monday morning Sheriff Ferrell and Deputy Sheriff DeLoe left for the scene of the disturbance during the day they arrested a young negro man who figured prominently in releasing Strother, but after the arrest had been made they were attacked by Jerry Sanders, father of the boy, who swore that his son should be carried to jail. The plucky officers, however, were not to be intimidated by his threats, but proceeded at once to arrest him, and he took to his heels. Several shots were fired at him, and our informant states that he received four or five wounds, which brought him to the ground, and from the effects of which it is thought he will not recover. We were unable to learn anything later from the affair, but it is feared that the end has not yet been reached. The citizens of the county are very much excited and indignant, and are determined that the dignity of the law shall be sustained at all hazards. It is to be hoped, however, that it will not prove necessary to resort to more violence.

**THE ROUND OAK TRAGEDY.**

A few days ago we published an account of the late tragedy in Jones county near Round Oak which was incorrect in several particulars. On the evening named a dance was gotten up at a short distance from a grocery kept by Joseph Griggs, a white man. There were present a large number of negroes, and three young white men who are described as worthless characters; their names were Jack Gray, Warren Green and Abe Billingsley. The dance progressed and considerable liquor was drunk. Jack Gray, white, was dancing with a negro girl, when a young negro man stepped on her dress and drew from her a remark that caused him to curse her. This began the fuss, which was between two factions of negroes. High words ruled for some time, when a negro threatened to shoot Joe Jackson, colored. The white man, Jack Gray, told him to go in, he would stand by him, and the fellow began firing. Almost instantly a general fight ensued, about twenty shots being fired. Bob Jackson, colored, fell mortally wounded. Fuller Moreland, colored, was badly cut, Aleck Jackson slightly shot, Abram Jackson slightly wounded in the head, and Abe Billingsley cut. Jack Gray, the white man, had fired three times when he was stabbed. He crawled out of the house, walked around it, came back, and sitting down died in a chair.

The evidence before the coroner was conflicting, but points strongly to King Blain, colored, as the man who killed Bob and Henry Jackson, and to Aleck Jackson as the man who killed Gray. It was impossible, however, in the confusion, to tell what shots were fired, and the coroner was unable to determine the cause of death.

**COLORADO MEN'S CAUCUS.**  
Macon Telegraph.

An interesting meeting, composed of the leading colored men of Georgia, was held at the residence of Jeff Leff yesterday. The meeting was simply a caucus to fix upon a date for holding the convention spoken of by us a few days ago, and to consider the feasibility of such a meeting. A careful discussion of the advantages was made, and the meeting finally decided to leave the matter wholly in the hands of Jeff, with authority to call the convention together within three months, and to arrange hall, etc., for its session. The object of this gathering of nearly fifteen hundred of the best colored men in the state, expressed in the caucus, is to consider the best ways for the colored man to proceed in the future, in the way of education, moral advancement and, if need be, what political doctrine he should follow. The inference is that the independent movement will not gain much sympathy from this new departure.

**THE JOHN P. KING MILL.**  
Augusta News.

The managers of the John P. King mill have selected the site known as Heckle's property for the new factory. The site has been purchased and titles are preparing. The site is just below the Sibley mill, on the first canal level, and at the Harrisburg extension of Broad street. It is a fine one, and will assist the Sibley in making a great factory settlement. Augusta has just completed the subscription of \$10,000 to the King mill, and another large company is already organizing to build on the Harper property, just above the Enterprise. The incorporators' names are not all in, and authoritative information from the charter framers is not yet in order. But the

**SHIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.**  
**GREAT GERM DESTROYER.**  
**DARBY'S**  
**PROPHYLATIC FLUID.**  
**SCARLET FEVER CURED.**  
Pitting of SMALL POX prevented.  
CURES purulent and blood-poisoned. DYSENTERY CURED. WOUNDS healed rapidly. Removes all unpleasant odors.  
TETTER dried up. IT IS PERFECTLY CURED. FOR SORE THROAT it is a sure cure.  
CONTAGION destroyed. SICK ROOMS purified and made pleasant. FEVERED AND SICK RELIEVED. Refreshed by bathing with prophylactic fluid added to the water. CATARRH relieved and cured. Erysipelas cured. BITES relieved instantly. SCALDS prevented.  
In fact it is the Great Disinfectant & Purifier.  
J. H. ZEILIN & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF THE ABOVE. 302-314 N. 3rd St. N. Y. C.

**DIPHTHERIA PREVENTED.**  
PREPARED BY J. H. ZEILIN & CO. PROPRIETORS. 302-314 N. 3rd St. N. Y. C.

**THROWN FROM HIS HORSE.**  
Sandusky Mercury.

On Friday evening last Arnold Brown, the youngest son of Captain Thomas E. Brown, while on a visit to Judge Youngblood's plantation was thrown from his horse, which got frightened, and his foot being caught in the stirrup he was dragged by the horse some distance when the saddle girth broke and released him, the horse still dashing on. The little boy showed considerable nerve. He was placed on a blanket and carried carefully and tenderly to the house, where Drs. Houghfield and Hawkins were sent for. An examination showed a most serious injury, being a terrible fracture at the knee joint. All that could be done for the little sufferer was done, and we believe he will soon recover.

—In Pontiac, Mich., a young lady called at the drug store of Messrs Wells & Co., for a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil a few days ago. Being asked how it was liked, she replied that it had cured her mother of rheumatism, and whenever any of the family had an ache or pain, St. Jacobs Oil was immediately applied. These gentlemen also say that St. Jacobs Oil is the best selling article they have in their store.

A New York clergyman says he never knew an intellectual man who was a good dancer.

**Suffering Women.**

There is but very small proportion of the women of this nation that do not suffer from some of the diseases for which Kidney Wort is specifically adapted. The doctor who has cured countless women of rheumatism, and of fix, or piles distress, take a package and its wonderful tonic and renovating power will cure you and give new life.—Watchman.

Lady Wilde says that the abbreviated dress of today is as "concise" as a telegram.

**Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.**  
Mrs. Winslow's Sorely Suffering is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhea, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle. Get it—ly sat sun weddly.

It guinea had little pistol he would doubtless be "inspired to remove" Corkhill.

**Given Up by Doctors.**

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?" I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and will not be troubled with his Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!

"Well-a-day! That's remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George—I know hope are good."

A reception dress is made of black and gold, with large sunflowers on the shoulders.

**Digestion the Great Secret of Life.**

A good digestion secured by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator.

"It is the only medicine that relieved me after suffering five years with dyspepsia, heartburn, sick headache and constipation."

Geo. S. Ayres, Delaplane Sta., Va.

Genuine prepared only by J. H. Zeilin & Co.

**An Unusual Case.**

RICHMOND, Ark., August 8, 1881.

H. H. WARNER & Co.—Sirs: I was cured of chronic diarrhea by your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

JOHN D. FREEMAN.

There is one symptom which Guitan seems not to have exhibited—he never wrote poetry.

**An Extended Popularity.**

Each year finds "Brown's Bronchial Troches" in new localities, in various parts of the world. For relieving coughs, colds, and throat diseases, the Troches have been proved reliable.

**"How Much Thread is Made in a Year."**

The following article under the above heading appeared in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, of December 18th, 1881, and the statement it has subsequently been issued and extensively circulated in pamphlet form by a competitor.

How much thread is made in a year.

A prominent advertiser of spool cotton has furnished some figures in advertising that he makes sufficient thread every day to go four times round the world, upon which to whip the world. Let us see how much thread it takes to go four times round the world.

One dozen of thread of 300 yards contains 2,400 yards; now the world at the equator is 24,901 miles, or 130,806 yards to the mile, or 2,494,129 yards. It requires, therefore, 18,299 dozens of thread to go around the world, and a daily product of four times that quantity amounts to 73,196 dozens per day, or 1,377,528 yards per day, or 1,377,528 yards per day, or 1,377,528 yards per day.

This is one company alone, and not the largest exhibitor at Atlanta. How much thread is made in a year?

The manufacturers of Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton are the "prominent advertisers" referred to, and their advertisement is published in the author's queries, reads as follows:

"The O. N. T. factories at Newark, New Jersey, and Paisley, Scotland, employ 10,000 operatives. Make sufficient thread daily to go around the world four times.

1,377,528 yards per day.

Consume 43,000 tons of coal annually, or 140 tons daily.

The manufacturers of "O. N. T." are the largest manufacturers of spool cotton in the world.

The discrepancy between what is alleged as their production and the 73,196 dozens per day, necessary to go around the world four times, is not accounted for.

The author of the article in question has tried, wilfully or otherwise, to lead the public to believe that this statement is without foundation in fact by failing to take into consideration the fact that the production of the O. N. T. factories at Newark, New Jersey, and Paisley, Scotland, is not the only production of spool cotton in the world.

Even had their advertisement read "more than sufficient thread to go around the world four times daily," they would still have been stating the literal truth.

The article also states that the manufacturers of Clark's O. N. T. are not the largest spool cotton exhibitors at the Atlanta exposition.

If this remark refers exclusively to spool cotton manufacturers and the magnitude of their production, then they would simply reaffirm that the manufacturers of O. N. T. are the largest manufacturers of spool cotton in the world.

GEORGE A. CLARK & BROTHER, Sole Agents in America for Clark's O. N. T. Spool Cotton. 102 Jan 1-1w

**THE LARGEST, THE RICHEST, THE CHEAPEST**  
—STOCK OF—  
**DIAMONDS, WATCHES & JEWELRY**  
To be found in the Southern States. All competition yields to our PRICES. The only Jewelry House in the South having a Factory run by steam to supply our immense trade.  
**BUY FROM MANUFACTURERS AND SAVE THE RETAILERS PROFITS.**  
I don't make the mistake of purchasing before examining our elegant and varied stock. Great **BARGAINS WILL BE OFFERED THIS WEEK**  
**J. P. STEVENS & CO.,**  
SALESROOM, 34 WHITEHALL ST.  
FACTORY, WHITEHALL STREET,  
**DISPLAY ART HALL EXPOSITION**  
Where every article is offered for sale.  
892 Oct 16 3pm 2p ex pos mas top

**PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.**  
**Rheumatism Neuralgia**  
Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side.  
There is nothing more painful than these diseases; but the pain can be removed and the disease cured by use of **PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.** This remedy is not a cheap Benzine or Petroleum product that must be kept away from fire or heat to avoid danger of explosion, nor is it an untried experiment that may do more harm than good.  
**PAIN KILLER** has been in constant use for forty years, and the universal testimony from all parts of the world is, **IT NEVER FAILS.** It not only effects a permanent cure, but it relieves pain almost instantaneously. Being a purely vegetable remedy, it is safe in the hands of the most delicate, and it is the only remedy that will cure the following ailments: Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side, Headache, Toothache, Stomachache, Colic, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cholera, and all other pains of the body.  
Edgar Cady, Owatonna, Minn., says: "About a year since my wife became subject to severe suffering from Rheumatism. Only resort was to the **PAIN KILLER**, which speedily relieved her."  
Charles Powell writes from the Ballors' Home, London: "I have used **PAIN KILLER** for thirty years, and have found it a never-failing remedy for Rheumatism and all other pains of the body."  
Mr. Burdett writes: "I have used **PAIN KILLER** in cases of rheumatism, and have found it a never-failing remedy."  
Phil. Gilbert, Somerset, Pa., writes: "From actual use, I know your **PAIN KILLER** is the best medicine I can get."  
All druggists keep **PAIN KILLER.** Its price is so low that it is within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctor's bills.  
**PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.**  
101-103-105-107-109-111-113-115-117-119-121-123-125-127-129-131-133-135-137-139-141-143-145-147-149-151-153-155-157-159-161-163-165-167-169-171-173-175-177-179-181-183-185-187-189-191-193-195-197-199-201-203-205-207-209-211-213-215-217-219-221-223-225-227-229-231-233-235-237-239-241-243-245-247-249-251-253-255-257-259-261-263-265-267-269-271-273-275-277-279-281-283-285-287-289-291-293-295-297-299-301-303-305-307-309-311-313-315-317-319-321-323-325-327-329-331-333-335-337-339-341-343-345-347-349-351-353-355-357-359-361-363-365-367-369-371-373-375-377-379-381-383-385-387-389-391-393-395-397-399-401-403-405-407-409-411-413-415-417-419-421-423-425-427-429-431-433-435-437-439-441-443-445-447-449-451-453-455-457-459-461-463-465-467-469-471-473-475-477-479-481-483-485-487-489-491-493-495-497-499-501-503-505-507-509-511-513-515-517-519-521-523-525-527-529-531-533-535-537-539-541-543-545-547-549-551-553-555-557-559-561-563-565-567-569-571-573-575-577-579-581-583-585-587-589-591-593-595-597-599-601-603-605-607-609-611-613-615-617-619-621-623-625-627-629-631-633-635-637-639-641-643-645-647-649-651-653-655-657-659-661-663-665-667-669-671-673-675-677-679-681-683-685-687-689-691-693-695-697-699-701-703-705-707-709-711-713-715-717-719-721-723-725-727-729-731-733-735-737-739-741-743-745-747-749-751-753-755-757-759-761-763-765-767-769-771-773-775-777-779-781-783-785-787-789-791-793-795-797-799-801-803-805-807-809-811-813-815-817-819-821-823-825-827-829-831-833-835-837-839-841-843-845-847-849-851-853-855-857-859-861-863-865-867-869-871-873-875-877-879-881-883-885-887-889-891-893-895-897-899-901-903-905-907-909-911-913-915-917-919-921-923-925-927-929-931-933-935-937-939-941-943-945-947-949-951-953-955-957-959-961-963-965-967-969-971-973-975-977-979-981-983-985-987-989-991-993-995-997-999-1001-1003-1005-1007-1009-1011-1013-1015-1017-1019-1021-1023-1025-1027-1029-1031-1033-1035-1037-1039-1041-1043-1045-1047-1049-1051-1053-1055-1057-1059-1061-1063-1065-1067-1069-1071-1073-1075-1077-1079-1081-1083-1085-1087-1089-1091-1093-1095-1097-1099-1101-1103-1105-1107-1109-1111-1113-1115-1117-1119-1121-1123-1125-1127-1129-1131-1133-1135-1137-1139-1141-1143-1145-1147-1149-1151-1153-1155-1157-1159-1161-1163-1165-1167-1169-1171-1173-1175-1177-1179-1181-1183-1185-1187-1189-1191-1193-1195-1197-1199-1201-1203-1205-1207-1209-1211-1213-1215-1217-1219-1221-1223-1225-1227-1229-1231-1233-1235-1237-1239-1241-1243-1245-1247-1249-1251-1253-1255-1257-1259-1261-1263-1265-1267-1269-1271-1273-1275-1277-1279-1281-1283-1285-1287-1289-1291-1293-1295-1297-1299-1301-1303-1305-1307-1309-1311-1313-1315-1317-1319-1321-1323-1325-1327-1329-1331-1333-1335-1337-1339-1341-1343-1345-1347-1349-1351-1353-1355-1357-1359-1361-1363-1365-1367-1369-1371-1373-1375-1377-1379-1381-1383-1385-1387-1389-1391-1393-1395-1397-1399-1401-1403-1405-1407-1409-1411-1413-1415-1417-1419-1421-1423-1425-1427-1429-1431-1433-1435-1437-1439-1441-1443-1445-1447-1449-1451-1453-1455-1457-1459-1461-1463-1465-1467-1469-1471-1473-1475-1477-1479-1481-1483-1485-1487-1489-1491-1493-1495-1497-1499-1501-1503-1505-1507-1509-1511-1513-1515-1517-1519-1521-1523-1525-1527-1529-1531-1533-1535-1537-1539-1541-1543-1545-1547-1549-1551-1553-1555-1557-1559-1561-1563-1565-1567-1569-1571-1573-1575-1577-1579-1581-1583-1585-1587-1589-1591-1593-1595-1597-1599-1601-1603-1605-1607-1609-1611-1613-1615-1617-1619-1621-1623-1625-1627-1629-1631-1633-1635-1637-1639-1641-1643-1645-1647-1649-1651-1653-1655-1657-1659-1661-1663-1665-1667-1669-1671-1673-1675-1677-1679-1681-1683-1685-1687-1689-1691-1693-1695-1697-1699-1701-1703-1705-1707-1709-1711-1713-1715-1717-1719-1721-1723-1725-1727-1729-1731-1733-1735-1737-1739-1741-1743-1745-1747-1749-1751-1753-1755-1757-1759-1761-1763-1765-1767-1769-1771-1773-1775-1777-1779-1781-1783-1785-1787-1789-1791-1793-1795-1797-1799-1801-1803-1805-1807-1809-1811-1813-1815-1817-1819-1821-1823-1825-1827-1829-1831-1833-1835-1837-1839-1841-1843-1845-1847-1849-1851-1853-1855-1857-1859-1861-1863-1865-1867-1869-1871-1873-1875-1877-1879-1881-1883-1885-1887-1889-1891-1893-1895-1897-1899-1901-1903-1905-1907-1909-1911-1913-1915-1917-1919-1921-1























## TO MAKE MONEY.

Water in your town or city? If so, go at once to the **McBride & Co's** and secure the "Gate City Stone Water Filter." Without a doubt it is the best Filterer in the world. Every Druggist and Liquor Dealer must have one.

## COTTON AND WEATHER.

Cotton, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6 1/2; in New York, at 11 1/2; in Atlanta, at 11 1/2.

## Weather.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for South Atlantic states, winds shifting to south and west, falling barometer, increasing cloudiness.

## Daily Weather Report.

OSWEGO'S OFFICE, South Coast, U. S. A.  
KIMBALL HOUSE, JANUARY 4, 10:30, P. M.  
(All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.)

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer. Low light.	WIND.		Weather
			Direction	Force.	
Atlanta.....	30.12.29	41	N. E.	Fresh	0.00 Cloudy.
Augusta.....	30.10.41	41	S. W.	Light	0.00 Fair.
Charleston.....	30.10.63	41	S. W.	Fresh	0.00 Cloudy.
Indianapolis.....	30.10.19	41	S. W.	Fresh	0.00 Cloudy.
Key West.....	30.10.41	41	N. E.	Fresh	0.00 Fair
Mobile.....	30.10.33	41	S. E.	Light	0.00 Clear.
Montgomery.....	30.10.36	41	S. E.	Light	0.00 Clear.
Fort Rade.....	30.12.39	41	E.	Fresh	0.00 Clear.
Pensacola.....	30.10.59	41	E.	Fresh	0.00 Clear.
Tallahassee.....	30.11.05	41	N.	Fresh	0.00 Clear.
Savannah.....	30.14.48	41	N.	Light	0.00 Clear.

NOTE.—Force of Wind: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour; Moderate, 2 to 5; Fresh, 5 to 10; Gale, 10 to 15; Storm, 15 to 25; Hurricane, 25 to 35.

## Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 4, 1882

TIME	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Weather			
		Day, Night	Direction	Force.			
				Rainfall.			
6:30 a. m.	30.40	44	E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.	
10:30 a. m.	30.43	46	E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.	
2:30 p. m.	30.43	46	E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.	
4:30 p. m.	30.37	35	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Fair.	
6:30 p. m.	30.39	37	S. E.	Fresh	.00	Fair.	
8:30 p. m.	30.43	39	N. E.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy.	
Mean daily bar.	30.38	Maximum ther.					56.5
Mean daily ther.	46.0	Minimum ther.					38.0
Mean daily humid.	5.3	Total rainfall.					0.0

## EXPOSITION FACTS.

THE FINEST DISPLAY OF ELECTRO, GOLD AND SILVER-PLATED WARE is the one of the MERIDIAN BRITANNIA CO. in the ART BUILDING, upstairs. These goods can be bought of A. F. PICKETT, No. 5 Whitehall street, near the railroad crossing.

The best selected stock of DIAMONDS, WATCHES and JEWELRY can be found at No. 5 Whitehall street. A. F. PICKETT. The MERIDIAN BRITANNIA CO'S ELECTRO GOLD and SILVER-PLATED WARE is the finest in the world. A. F. PICKETT, SOUTHERN HEADQUARTERS. Just received a large stock of SOLID SILVER WARE, at bottom prices. A. F. PICKETT.

A beautiful selection of FINE LAMPS, suitable for BRIDAL and CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, will be found at THE SILVER PALACE, No. 5 Whitehall street. Visitors to the city should not fail to see THE SILVER PALACE OF A. F. PICKETT, No. 5 WHITEHALL STREET.

## For Sale.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Executive Committee of the International Cotton Exposition, the undersigned will sell for cash at auction, unless sooner disposed of at private sale, at the Cotton Park, Atlanta, Ga., on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1882, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., all the property of said corporation, consisting of the buildings, machinery and piping, together with a large quantity of office furniture, stoves, etc. Also the building known as the Exposition Hotel, containing about 200 rooms, and the land on which it is situated, containing three acres, more or less. These buildings are all constructed of first-class lumber, and the machinery and piping were new when put in. The land fronts the right of way of the Western and Atlantic railroad and the Marietta road leading from Atlanta, and is situated two miles from the center of the city, and is well adapted to manufacturing or building purposes. Catalogues have been printed and are in the hands of each of the undersigned giving further and more minute description of the property, and will be furnished on application to either of the undersigned.

BENJ. F. ABBOTT,  
Agent for the International Cotton Exposition.

BENJ. F. CRANE,  
R. F. MADDOX,  
H. E. LEE,  
C. T. SABINE,  
Committee.

Jan 5-11

## Local Notes.

Fresh oysters 25 cents per can at Emery's!

Only one line in America Soft Capsules are known that will cure Rheumatism. It is a new discovery, and it acts through the blood, and cures all rheumatic diseases. Try it and you will never regret it. Sold by Huthelton & Bro., 11 Whitehall, 50 cents a box.

## Removed.

We have moved our office from 10 North Broad to 15 South Broad, near Broad street bridge, on west side of the street. W. S. WILSON & BRO.

Jan 5-11

## Terrible Loss of Life.

Millions of rats, mice, cats, bed-bugs, roaches lose their lives by collision with "Rough on Rats." Sold by Druggists at 15 cents.

## Building Notes.

The brick work for Captain E. F. May's residence on the boulevard is completed, and it is now receiving the roof. The new residence for Councilman D. A. Beattie, one of the handsomest on McDonough street, is now receiving its finishing touches. Messrs. Parkins & Bruce have prepared plans for Mr. J. A. Traynham's residence on Peachtree street, and it is now under construction. The plans for the new city hall, Rome, Georgia, were drawn by Messrs. Parkins & Bruce.

## At the Kimball Home.

John C. Printz, Rome, F. A. Frost, LaGrange; John D. Pope, Albany; B. Watson, Savannah; J. T. Brown, Kingston; A. A. Gates, A. G. Driver, Lula; George M. Lester, W. M. Reed, Marietta; J. S. Raine, Atlanta; Judge M. M. Cleveland, city; Lawrence Harrison, Savannah; Louis L. Cohen, Rome; C. A. Niles, N. O. Bowdoin, G. B. Bailey, Griffin; J. S. Holly, Bibb county.

## At the Station Home.

Green Sloan, charged with stealing five dollars from the Adams house, slept in cell No. 4 last night. Kenneth Winn was arrested about one o'clock this morning by Officers Starnes and Brooks. Winn was charged with shooting ten Johnson. And Hester, a female, made things lively on Washington street and was taken in by Officer Reid. Wesley Lane, charged with larceny, is in cell No. 2.

An overcoat, a dark-brown coat and vest were stolen from Mrs. Hollins' residence, 12 West Peters street, last night.

Mrs. Hurley, who keeps a boarding house on Mitchell street, caused this arrest. W. H. Rogers, of Nashville, at the corner of W. H. Rogers, was in the act of leaving town. His wife, Mrs. Hurley, was in the act of leaving town. His wife, Mrs. Hurley, was in the act of leaving town.

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## HOWARD'S BOND.

Is Applied by United States Commissioner Smith and he is released.

At ten o'clock yesterday morning W. H. Howard, the recent assistant registry clerk in the Atlanta post-office, was taken before United States Commissioner W. B. Smith for a preliminary trial upon a warrant charging him with robbing the mails.

The prosecution was represented by J. S. Bigby, United States district attorney, who, in his day, Mr. Smith, for the defense, responded by saying that his client was not only ready, but anxious to proceed with the investigation, and asked that the day might be as early as possible. After quite a consultation between Inspector Frey and Attorney Bigby, the latter and Mr. Smith agreed upon Monday next, and the commissioner adjourned that as the day for the preliminary hearing.

Mr. Hoke Smith then asked Commissioner Smith of the amount of the bond for Mr. Howard. He said that while there was no doubt about the appearance of his client, he hoped the bond would be a reasonable one in its amount. Before taking his seat Mr. Smith called the attention of the commissioner to the date of the warrant—December 21—upon which Mr. Howard had been arrested, and asked why it had been held so long and then executed at night when Mr. Howard could have been taken into custody at any time, and the commissioner would insure Howard's presence at the trial; that Howard had seen the publication of Ehrlich's arrest and was unwilling that it should be a matter of himself but that he did not think of avoiding it, as there was no truth in Ehrlich's published statement and that he did not fear a false charge.

At the conclusion of Mr. Smith's remarks, in which he made some pointed references to Howard's bond arrested at night and then taken into custody, the commissioner asked him to come to his residence, the commissioner assessed his bond at \$2,000. The bond was signed by Howard's father, and Howard and his friends left the court room. Howard with persistency clings to his first statement, and says that he will be able to demonstrate conclusively his innocence. He declines to be interviewed.

Mr. Hoke Smith, his attorney, yesterday evening said to a CONSTITUTION reporter: "Before the first investigation it was claimed that conclusive proof could be brought against Mr. Howard. But the trial the prosecution failed entirely to sustain the charges." He further said that his client felt no uneasiness about the result, and was perfectly willing to have a jury pass upon the case.

Ehrlich, upon whose statement Howard was released, is in the Fulton county jail. He told us that he was brought against him by the inspector cannot be said. He is a German and has enough sense to take care of himself. He declines to talk to anyone upon his troubles, and seems to realize his position. His statement which has been reduced to writing and acknowledged by him to be true, covers quite a space. In it he details many facts, which, if proven, will result disastrously to Howard and himself. He tells of a lavish expenditure of money and details the mirth and pleasure it gave at the time. The dates and amounts are given, and here is where the prosecution will attempt to produce corroborative evidence. The tone and character of the confession show rounds of dissipation rarely met with.

Inspector Frey is certain that he can establish beyond all doubt the truth of Ehrlich's story, and says, "I know what I am doing. He cannot get in possession of evidence that will convict both, and is ready for trial."

Mr. B. one of Inspector Frey's aids, and to whom Howard probably owes his first arrest, is perfectly familiar with the evidence that will be adduced, and says there can be no doubt as to the result.

Mr. Williamson, the secret service man who followed Ehrlich to Ohio, reiterates the convictions of his associates. Mr. Howard, however, takes the case coolly, and with a persistency rarely seen, adheres to his first statement. His friends claim, as is indicated above, that he knew Ehrlich well, and returned and that he could have left the country if he had felt inclined, but that he preferred to stay and establish conclusively his innocence.

## THE WHITEWASHERS.

The Men Who Make Lime for the South Congregate in Atlanta.

Yesterday afternoon the Southern Lime association convened in their third annual session in the gentlemen's parlor at the Markham house. Major R. L. Pollard, of Youngsboro, Alabama, president of the association, called the meeting to order, and in a beautiful three minutes' speech expressed great pleasure at meeting so many members.

The call of the roll ascertained that there were present representatives of twenty-five kilns located in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina. The journal of the last meeting was read and approved, after which the good of the order was generally discussed, every one present taking part in the debate and submitting valuable suggestions.

After attending to the usual routine of business, a resolution of officers was entered into with the following result: President—Major R. E. Pollard, of Youngsboro, Alabama. Vice President—Mr. J. D. Hardy, of Galesburg, Alabama. Secretary and Treasurer—A. C. Ladd, of Atlanta.

Subsequent to this election the body retired to the banquet hall where they spent an hour in social chat while discussing the good things set before them.

The Southern lime association was organized three years ago. Then there were thirteen kilns represented in the organization, and upon the occasion of the amount of lime produced it was ascertained that there were only about 100,000 barrels. Now there are twenty-five kilns in the organization, and the annual production is over half a million barrels. Besides this the organization has succeeded in establishing a uniformity of price.

In the association there is quite an amount of capital invested. The Chewalla Lime works, of east Alabama, about twenty miles from the Georgia line has a capital of \$100,000. It is a joint stock company, and under the presidency of Major Pollard doing a fine business.

J. D. Hardy & Co., at and near Calera, Alabama, have several kilns, and rate their investment at \$75,000. B. B. Warren has \$30,000 invested in kilns at Long View, Alabama.

Ladd's lime works at Ladd, Georgia, has quite an amount invested, and ships to Atlanta annually 30,000 barrels of lime.

The Calera lime works at Calera, Georgia, belongs to C. W. Grey & Co., who value the investment at \$75,000. The Lime Stone Springs company, of South Carolina, produce 25,000 barrels yearly and have good figures on their property.

Kimball House Rates.

From the rates given below it appears that Seville intends to give everybody a chance to stop at the Kimball. He tells us that his rate for transient guests are \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 per day, according to room; also has a number of rooms suitable for families as permanent homes, and charges \$75.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$100.00 and upwards per month. We consider one fortunate to secure a home at the Kimball under its present management.

New Year's.

Owing to a misunderstanding an imperfect notice of New Year's receptions and calls appeared in Tuesday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION. In Sunday's supplement will appear a full and complete list.

PERSONAL.

J. B. Wrenn, of the Pennsylvania route, leaves to-night for Waukegan, to attend the convention of the "Track Handlers."

MISS FANNIE E. ROY'S STUDIO, 16 Capitol Place.

(Old Crew street, between Mitchell and Peters.)

Orders taken for Paintings in oils, water colors, on china, tiles, satin, silk, etc. Chinese fired. Instruction given in any of the above.

Miss Roy's training has been in the academy of design, and in the academy of fine arts at Chicago. Some of her oil paintings were in the art hall of the exposition. Some may now be seen at Goodman's, 28 Whitehall. The latest style of home decoration is a fire screen, a sample of which may be seen in the show window at Snook's warehouses.

And 1st 2d col 8th p.

GUARDIAN'S SALE—WITHIN THE LEGAL next before the Court house door in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, two city lots, numbers thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33), each fronting 14 1/2 feet on a half (32 1/2) feet, more or less, on Mechanic street and running back one hundred (100) feet, more or less, to city lot (31), thirty-one and thirty-four (34) of the same subdivision, being part of the subdivision of the John A. Doak property in the second ward of the city of Atlanta, and in and lot eighty-six (86) of said county of Fulton. Sold under authority of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, as the property of T. S. and Rollie C. Hammond, minors of said Fulton county, for the purpose of reinvestment.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS having demands against the estate of Isaac G. Mitchell, deceased, to present them to the undersigned for payment. Notice is also given to all persons indebted to the estate to call and settle with the undersigned. RUSSELL C. MITCHELL, Administrator of the estate of Isaac G. Mitchell, (Atlanta, Ga., December 15th, 1881.)

dec'd 15th

## CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON &amp; CO. DRY GOODS.

Have on approbation a LARGE LOT of HANDSOME DOLMANS AND FINE JACKETS, BEAUTIFUL LINE NEW CARPETS JUST RECEIVED. LARGE LOT NEW BOOTS AND SHOES JUST IN. AGENTS BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

To the Public.

Below we publish a letter just received from a gentleman belonging to one of the first families in the state—well known in middle Georgia. It speaks for itself.

We are not at liberty to publish his name, but are authorized to show his letter to any one suffering with the same complaint, and give them a general history of his case.

We would say that in all our experience we have never known or heard of a more remarkable case—each member of our company knew the gentleman well and considered his case hopeless. Yours truly,

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.  
Atlanta, Ga., January 2, 1882.

December 29, 1881.

Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Gents: I have delayed this long in writing because I wanted to make "assurance doubly sure" in the trial of S. S. S. in my own case. And am, indeed, most happy to report that it has entirely eradicated every symptom of the disease from my system. Had I followed the advice of Tom Swift in years ago by it would have saved me ten long years of intense suffering. I have not felt the least return of the disease, and can fully and truly recommend it to all suffering from the scourge, and especially to the physicians in Macon, who knew my condition, and when I can positively assure them that it has not only relieved me of pain, but has entirely removed every symptom of the disease from my system, it ought to convince even them of its infallible qualities.

I do not care to have my name published, but you are at liberty to show my letter to those who formerly knew of my condition especially to Dr. M. who is so celebrated with his 555 and 471. Let him take the worst case he can find he will be convinced against his orthodox principles. You can also call the attention of Drs. F. B. H. and H. to any letter, all of whom knew of my lamentable condition.

It is a shame that human kind should suffer from the prejudices of physicians to anything not laid down in the text books.

Let me assure you of my gratitude, and believe me ever, yours truly,

Jan 3 ddt

Second Baptist Church.

Parties wishing to retain their pews, or re-fit for this year, will please notify John H. James or John J. Peniston.

John 31

The Best Thing I Ever Saw.

MACON, GA., March 9, 1881.

Sanoline is the best thing I ever saw in a Livery Stable for abrasions of the skin.

W. C. TIMBERLAKE,  
Of Timberlake & Chapman.

Jan 1-d1w

D. H. DOUGHERTY.

My business has been unusually large and very satisfactory for the past season, and I am very thankful to the public. I have decided to give them the advantage of decidedly reduced prices for the next thirty days. I am determined to reduce my stock, and you will find bargains throughout my entire house. Please call.

D. H. DOUGHERTY.

70 Jan 31

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

SHOES

His Shoe department is unusually attractive. He keeps the very best goods in Ladies', Misses and Children's. His Gents' and Boys' boots and shoes are kept down stairs, where you can find anything you may wish at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

HOLIDAY GOODS

—AT—

GAY'S

JUST RECEIVED

The Largest and Most Superb Stock of Silk Scarfs and Silk Handkerchiefs

Ever shown in Atlanta. Full lines of Kid and other kinds of Gloves, Hosiery, Hats and a complete assortment of Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing. Can't enumerate everything, but if you want to buy a present for anybody, from a child to an overgrown man, you will find it at

GAY'S

CLOTHING HOUSE,

37 PEACHTREE STREET,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

dec'd 15th

dec'd 15th

dec'd 15th

OVERCOATS! REVERSIBLES! ULSTERETTES! NOBBY BUSINESS SUITS! ELEGANT DRESS SUITS! LARGE INVOICE! NEW DESIGNS! JUST OPENED

HIRSCH BROS., 42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

MILLINERY

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Presided over by Mrs. B. Lyon, assisted by Mrs. M. A. Durand.

The finest retail millinery establishment south of Baltimore, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

GREAT

REDUCTIONS

IN PRICES OF

DRY GOODS.

I WANT TO CLOSE OUT MY

WINTER STOCK,

AND OFFER

ALL GOODS

GREAT REDUCTION,

FOR 30 DAYS

I Promise You I Will Not

ADVERTISE a Reduction

Without

PROVING IT

To all who will do me the favor

to call.

I make this offer now while

the people still need

WINTER GOODS.

Respectfully,

D. H. DOUGHERTY

Jan 1 dly-8th pg

Notice.

We have moved our coal and lumber office from 10 N. Broad to 15 South Broad street, near the bridge. W. S. WILSON & BRO.

Jan 1-d1t Tues wed fri sun

42 PEACHTREE ST. 44

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Has a Magnificent Line of New

FURNITURE.

Come and See Our Exquisite

PARLOR SUITS.

Sole Agent for, in Atlanta, using the Francis Car

Buy your Furniture and Carpets at the same

place and

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

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## DRY GOODS.